

**Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures
(PFMIs) Quantitative Disclosure
As of September 30, 2016**

This disclosure can also be found at www.ngx.com. For further information, please contact clearing@ngx.com or (403) 974-1700

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All values stated within these disclosures are Canadian currency and converted to such using the Bank of Canada noon day rate as at the end of the quarter, unless otherwise stated. The CDN/USD rate was 1.3117 as at September 30, 2016.

Principle 4: Credit Risk

Principle 4.1 – Total value of default resources (excluding initial and retained variation margin), split by clearing service if default funds are segregated by clearing service, split by:

- (a) pre-funded
 - i) own capital that forms part of the default waterfall (further split by whether used before, alongside, or after, member contributions)
 - ii) aggregate participant contributions (both amount required and post-haircut amount posted, where different)
 - iii) other
- (b) committed
 - i) own/parent funds that are committed to address a participant default (or round of participant defaults)
 - ii) aggregate participant commitments to address an initial participant default (or initial round of participant defaults)
 - iii) aggregate participant commitments to replenish the default fund to deal with a subsequent participant default (or round of participant defaults) after the initial participant default (or round of participant defaults) has been addressed
 - iv) other

Total Value of NGX’s default resources as at September 30, 2016: CAD \$ 2,288.4MM

- a) Pre-funded
 - NGX Capital: CAD \$78.6MM (used after defaulting Contracting Party collateral)
 - Contracting Party Collateral: CAD \$ 2,101.1MM
- b) Committed
 - Export Development Canada Default Insurance: CAD \$ 108.7MM (maximum liability USD \$100.0MM, first loss deductible USD \$15.0MM, value adjusted for deductible and potential liquidity risk)

Principle 4.2 – Kccp.

NGX is a CCP with a self funded default fund and does not require default fund contributions from its members; both the default fund contribution by clearing members and the associated capital costs of such contribution is currently zero. Basel III rules do not require QCCPs to be mutualised nor do they require QCCPs to have mutualised default funds. Given the certainty of the outcome of the capital cost calculation and the permissibility of NGX’s non-mutualized structure under the Basel III rules, NGX has determined it satisfies the QCCP criteria without the Kccp value.

Principle 4.3 – Value of pre-funded default resources (excluding initial and retained variation margin) held for each clearing service, in total and split by:

- Cash deposited at a central bank of issue of the currency concerned
- Cash deposited at other central banks
- Secured cash deposited at commercial banks (including reverse repo)
- Unsecured cash deposited at commercial banks
- Non-cash
 - o sovereign government bonds
 - domestic
 - other

- o agency bonds
- o state/municipal bonds
- o corporate bonds
- o equities
- o commodities
 - gold
 - other (please describe)
- o mutual funds / UCITs
- o other

Amounts should be reported both pre-haircut (ie at market value) and at post-haircut value.

The value of NGX's pre-funded default funds as at, September 30, 2016 was CAD \$2,179.7MM consisting of the items shown in Principle 4.1(a) above.

- Secured cash deposited at commercial banks:
 - o CAD \$ 41.4MM (NGX Cash)
 - o CAD \$ 71.6MM (Contracting Party Collateral)
 - o USD \$ 272.8MM (Contracting Party Collateral)
- Non-cash – Letters of Credit:
 - o CAD \$ 521.3MM (Contracting Party Collateral)
 - o USD \$ 873.2MM (Contracting Party Collateral)
- Non-cash – Other:
 - o CAD \$20.0MM (loan receivable from Parent)
 - o CAD \$20.0MM (other assets)

Principle 4.4 – State whether the CCP is subject to a minimum Cover 1 or Cover 2 requirement in relation to total prefunded default resources.

For each clearing service, state the number of business days within which the CCP assumes it will close out the default when calculating credit exposures that would potentially need to be covered by the default fund.

For each clearing service, the estimated largest aggregate stress loss (in excess of initial margin) that may be caused by the default of any single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but plausible market conditions.

Report the number of business days, if any, on which the estimated largest aggregate loss, exceeded pre-funded default resources (in excess of initial margin) and by how much.

For each clearing service, the actual largest aggregate credit exposure (in excess of initial margin) to any single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants).

For each clearing service, the estimated largest aggregate stress loss (in excess of initial margin) that may be caused by the default of any two participants and their affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but plausible market conditions.

Report the number of business days, if any, on which the above amount exceeded actual pre-funded default resources (in excess of initial margin) and by how much.

For each clearing service, the actual largest aggregate credit exposure (in excess of initial margin) to any two participants and their affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants).

Note under NGX's margin model, credit exposure is measured as the value by which a Contracting Party's total margin requirement exceeded current collateral posted with NGX, for further information please see Principle 6, Key Consideration 1 section of NGX's [Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures Qualitative Disclosure](#).

As at Q3 2016, NGX is subject to Cover 1 requirements.

NGX's margin model assumes a two day liquidation and close out period. Close out procedures are outlined in Section 5.6 and 8.3 of the Contracting Party Agreement ("CPA") and NGX would follow those procedures. NGX's direct cleared, non-mutualized structure means that non-defaulting Contracting Parties are not exposed to losses by the defaulting Contracting Party, nor does NGX have the ability to directly transfer (port) positions to non-defaulting Contracting Parties without prior consent. Accordingly, NGX tests procedures by conducting regular liquidation simulation events without participation by Contracting Parties.

Cover 1 Estimated Largest Aggregate Stress Loss during Q3 2016:

- Peak Value: CAD \$- 39,635,168 (August 2, 2016)
- Rolling 12 month Mean Average: CAD \$ 21,355,651

During Q3 2016, the estimated largest aggregate loss did not exceed the value of pre-funded default resources.

Cover 1 Actual Largest Aggregate Credit Exposure during Q3 2016:

- Peak Value: CAD \$4,100,813 (August 1, 2016)
- Rolling 12 month Mean Average: CAD \$35,729

Cover 2 Estimated Largest Aggregate Credit Exposure during Q3 2016:

- Peak Value: CAD \$76,600,336 (August 2, 2016)
- Rolling 12 month Mean Average: CAD \$37,871,863

During Q3 2016, the two estimated largest aggregate losses did not exceed the value of pre-funded default resources.

Cover 2 Actual Largest Aggregate Credit Exposure for Q3 2016:

- Peak Value: CAD \$4,100,813 (August 1, 2016)
- Rolling 12 month Mean Average: CAD \$25,770

Principle 5: Collateral	
Principle 5.1 – Assets eligible as initial margin and the respective haircuts applied.	
	NGX only accepts USD and CAD cash or Letters of Credit denominated in US or Canadian dollars, in NGX’s standard Letter of Credit format issued by an Approved Financial Institution as defined in the CPA. NGX does not apply haircuts towards these assets. For further details, please refer to NGX’s Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures Qualitative Disclosure .
Principle 5.2 – Assets eligible for pre-funded participant contributions to the default resources and the respective haircuts applied.	
	Pre-funded participant contributions to default resources are limited to the collateral posted by each Contracting Party for their own margin requirements the forms of which are disclosed above in Principle 5.1. Mutualized default contributions are not required under NGX’s non-mutualized, direct clearing model.
Principle 5.3 – Results of testing of haircuts, including the:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • confidence interval targeted through the calculation of haircuts • assumed holding/liquidation period for the assets accepted, • look-back period used for testing the haircuts, • number of days during the look-back period on which the fall in value during the assumed holding/liquidation period exceeded the haircut on an asset.
	Not applicable, NGX does not apply haircuts to Contracting Party collateral.

Principle 6: Margin	
<i>For further information regarding NGX’s margin requirements, please reference Principle 6 of NGX’s Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures Qualitative Disclosure.</i>	
Principle 6.1	
For each clearing service, total initial margin required, split by house and client.	
For each clearing service, state whether the initial margin for the positions of indirect participants must be provided for each indirect participants own position or for the net position of a group of indirect participants.	
	All current NGX Contracting Parties are direct participants and as such all margin requirements are held entirely for house positions.
	As at September 30, 2016: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total net initial margin required: CAD \$705,249,077 • Total variation margin required: CAD \$97,020,721 • Total accounts receivable margin required: CAD \$426,067,709
Principle 6.2 – For each clearing service, total initial margin held, split by house and client.	
For each overall house and client totals of initial margin (or for just the overall total posted, if house and	

client are not segregated), the amounts of:

- Cash deposited at a central bank of issue of the currency concerned
- Cash deposited at other central banks
- Secured cash deposited at commercial banks (including reverse repo)
- Unsecured cash deposited at commercial banks
- Non-cash
 - o sovereign government bonds
 - domestic
 - other
 - o agency bonds
 - o state/municipal bonds
 - o corporate bonds
 - o equities
 - o commodities
 - gold
 - other (please describe)
 - o mutual funds / UCITs
 - o other

Amounts should be reported both pre-haircut and at post-haircut value.

All current NGX Contracting Parties are direct participants and as such all margin requirements are held entirely for house positions.

As at September 30, 2016:

- Total net initial margin held: CAD \$705,249,077
- Total variation margin held: CAD \$97,020,721
- Total accounts receivable margin held: CAD \$426,067,709
- Total cushion and surplus collateral held: CAD \$872,747,148
- Total collateral held: CAD \$2,101,079,309

Total collateral amounts held as September 30, 2016:

- Secured cash deposited at commercial banks: CAD \$430,565,167
- Letters of Credit issued by Approved Financial Institution: CAD \$1,670,514,142

Principle 6.3 – Initial margin rates on individual contracts, where CCP sets such rates.

NGX initial margin rates can be found at www.ngx.com under the ‘Downloads & Documents’ section.

Principle 6.4 – Type of initial margin model used and key model design parameters for each initial margin model applied to that clearing service – key parameters including, but not limited to:

- (i) single-tailed confidence level targeted;
- (ii) sample/data look-back period for calibrating the model;
- (iii) adjustments or scalars or weighting, if any, applied to historical data;
- (iv) close-out/holding periods by product (or, if varying, contract type);
- (v) for risk aggregation models, the margin rate per contract and details of the offsets between different contracts;

(vi) the frequency of parameter reviews.

The initial margin model and related parameters are outlined in Principle 6, Key Considerations 2 and 3 of NGX’s [Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures Qualitative Disclosure](#). In addition, a copy of NGX’s [Margin Methodology Guide](#) is publicly available through under the “Downloads & Documents” section of the website.

Principle 6.5 – Results of back testing of initial margin. At a minimum, this should include, for each clearing services and each initial margin model applied to that clearing service:

- a) Number of times over the past twelve months that margin coverage held against any account fell below the actual marked-to-market exposure of that member account based on daily back-testing results (specifying if measured intraday/continuously or only once a day. If once a day, specify at what time of day)
- b) Number of observations
- c) Achieved coverage level

Where breaches of initial margin coverage have occurred, report on the size of the uncovered exposure.

The Q3 2016 back testing results reported below are within the acceptable performance range for initial margin.

- Number of times margin coverage fell below mark to market exposure (12 month period): 97, measured once a day following closure of the market (exceptions detailed in table below)
- Number of observations: 10,381
- Achieved coverage level: 99.8%

Q4 2015 Initial Margin Breaches	
02/10/2015	\$ 1,045
22/10/2015	\$ 22,900
23/10/2015	\$ 101,248
26/10/2015	\$ 52,600
26/10/2015	\$ 73,108
16/11/2015	\$ 5,425
16/11/2015	\$ 7,930
01/12/2015	\$ 53,700
14/12/2015	\$ 1,752
25/12/2015	\$ 2,368
28/12/2015	\$ 377,255
28/12/2015	\$ 17,672
29/12/2015	\$ 250
29/12/2015	\$ 2,972

Q1 2016 Initial Margin Breaches	
04/01/2016	\$ 36,518
13/01/2016	\$ 27,632
13/01/2016	\$ 17,383
13/01/2016	\$ 4,970
28/01/2016	\$ 12,978
29/01/2016	\$ 54,896
05/02/2016	\$ 20,258
12/02/2016	\$ 5,671
17/03/2016	\$ 435
29/03/2016	\$ 42,740
30/03/2016	\$ 41,631
30/03/2016	\$ 39,976
30/03/2016	\$ 21,508
30/03/2016	\$ 7,904

Q2 2016 Initial Margin Breaches					
04/04/2016	\$ 7,286	19/04/2016	\$ 2,794	26/05/2016	\$ 1,640
05/04/2016	\$ 22,496	20/04/2016	\$ 138	30/05/2016	\$ 10,879
14/04/2016	\$ 22,110	22/04/2016	\$ 107	31/05/2016	\$ 424,794
14/04/2016	\$ 1,040	28/04/2016	\$ 32,760	31/05/2016	\$ 359,379
18/04/2016	\$ 90,313	29/04/2016	\$ 38,610	31/05/2016	\$ 136,995
18/04/2016	\$ 82,526	29/04/2016	\$ 10,447	31/05/2016	\$ 118,542
18/04/2016	\$ 30,990	06/05/2016	\$ 77,616	31/05/2016	\$ 63,250
18/04/2016	\$ 8,640	06/05/2016	\$ 61,581	31/05/2016	\$ 45,756
19/04/2016	\$ 234,188	06/05/2016	\$ 61,408	31/05/2016	\$ 34,895
19/04/2016	\$ 131,088	06/05/2016	\$ 13,685	31/05/2016	\$ 26,206
19/04/2016	\$ 23,975	06/05/2016	\$ 778	31/05/2016	\$ 1,061
19/04/2016	\$ 18,160	08/05/2016	\$ 3,410	07/06/2016	\$ 64,852
19/04/2016	\$ 11,826	10/05/2016	\$ 3,410	27/06/2016	\$ 68
19/04/2016	\$ 8,480	12/05/2016	\$ 85,126		

Q3 2016 Initial Margin Breaches			
01/07/2016	\$ 20,194	11/08/2016	\$ 131,708
01/08/2016	\$ 11,415	19/08/2016	\$ 3,870
01/08/2016	\$ 5,356	19/08/2016	\$ 10,550
08/08/2016	\$ 50,456	19/08/2016	\$ 275
08/08/2016	\$ 62,745	19/08/2016	\$ 4,186
08/08/2016	\$ 129,641	26/08/2016	\$ 18
08/08/2016	\$ 57,806	31/08/2016	\$ 500
10/08/2016	\$ 20,404	22/09/2016	\$ 12,625

Principle 6.6 – Average total variation margin paid to the CCP by the participants each business day over the period.

Average Daily Settlement Invoice during Q3 2016: CAD \$246,530

Note this value reflects the average value of NGX’s daily settled Canadian Financial Electricity Futures Contracts which are settled on a t+2 daily basis. For all other products, variation margin is accrued in monthly settlement values. Further information related to NGX monthly settlements are found in NGX’s [Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures Qualitative Disclosure](#).

Principle 6.7 – Maximum total variation paid to the CCP by the participants each business day over the period.

Maximum Daily Settlement Invoice during Q3 2016: CAD \$8,702,453 (September 7, 2016)

Principle 6.8 – Maximum aggregate initial margin call on any given business day over the period.

Maximum aggregate margin call during Q3 2016: CAD \$18.0MM (September 19, 2016)

Margin call value is comprised of \$27.4MM for initial margin, \$3.8MM for variation margin and \$84.6MM for AP/AR receipts.
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Principle 7: Liquidity Risk

Principle 7.1 – State whether the clearing service maintains sufficient liquid resources to 'Cover 1' or 'Cover 2'.

Size and composition of qualifying liquid resources for each clearing service – for each relevant currency – split by:

- a) Cash deposited at a central bank of issue of the currency concerned
- b) Cash deposited at other central banks
- c) Secured cash deposited at commercial banks (including reverse repo)
- d) Unsecured cash deposited at commercial banks
- e) Secured committed lines of credit including committed foreign exchange swaps and committed repos;
- f) unsecured committed lines of credit;
- g) highly marketable collateral held in custody and investments that are readily available and convertible into cash with prearranged and highly reliable funding arrangements even in extreme but plausible market conditions;
- h) other.

State whether the CCP has routine access to central bank liquidity or facilities.

If, in using qualifying liquid resources the CCP is required or allowed to give priority to meeting certain payment obligations, please provide or reference:

- the schedule of payments or priority for allocating payments, if such exists;
- any applicable rule, policy, procedure, and governance arrangement around such decision making.

<p>As at the end of Q3 2016, NGX maintained sufficient liquid resources to meet the requirements for Cover 1.</p> <p>Size and composition of qualifying liquid resources as at September 30, 2016:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unsecured cash deposited at commercial banks: CAD \$41.4MM • Unsecured committed line of credit from Parent: CAD \$20.0MM <p>NGX does not use central bank liquidity or facilities at this time. While NGX is not required to give priority to payment obligations, it retains the right to give priority to meeting the most immediate settlement obligations.</p>

Principle 7.2 – Size and composition of qualifying liquid resources for each clearing service above those qualifying liquid resources above.

NGX has one clearing service, as per IOSCO definition of a clearing service. All qualifying liquid resources outlined in Principle 7.1 above are for NGX CCP operations.
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	<p>Principle 7.3 – The estimated largest same-day and, where relevant, intraday and multiday payment obligation in total that would be caused by the default of any single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but plausible market conditions.</p> <p>The number of business days, if any, on which the above amount exceeded its qualifying liquid resources (identified as in 7.1, and available at the point the breach occurred), and by how much.</p> <p>The actual largest intraday and multiday payment obligation of a single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) over the past twelve months.</p> <p>The estimated largest same-day and, where relevant, intraday and multiday payment obligation in each relevant currency that would be caused by the default of any single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but plausible market conditions.</p> <p>The number of business days, if any, on which the above amounts exceeded its qualifying liquid resources in each relevant currency (as identified in 7.1 and available at the point the breach occurred), and by how much.</p>
	<p>The value reported reflects NGX’s stress testing results of its daily settled Canadian Financial Electricity Futures Contracts in extreme, but plausible conditions. For further information, please reference Principle 7, Key Consideration 4 section of NGX’s Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures Qualitative Disclosure</p> <p>Largest estimated payment obligation during Q3 2016: CAD \$35.4MM (July 3, 2016) Number of Business Days on which the above amount exceeded qualifying liquid resources: 0, the estimated largest payment obligation did not exceed NGX’s qualifying liquid resources.</p> <p>Largest actual daily settlement payment obligation (rolling 12 month period): CAD \$8,702,453 (September 7, 2016)</p> <p>NGX conducts stress testing on all of its daily settlement obligations which are settled exclusively in Canadian dollars.</p> <p>No single daily settlement obligation for any participant of affiliates has exceeded NGX’s qualifying liquid resources.</p>

<p>Principle 12: Exchange-of-Value Settlement Systems</p>	
<p>Principle 12.1 and Principle 12.2</p>	
	<p>Not applicable. NGX does not use a DvP, DvD or PVP settlement system nor does NGX have linked obligations for settlement.</p>

Principle 13: Participant-Default Rules and Procedures

Principle 13.1 – CCPs are encouraged, subject to legal constraints on timing and content, to disclose as soon as practicable quantitative information related to defaults; such as:

- Amount of loss versus amount of initial margin
- Amount of other financial resources used to cover losses
- Proportion of client positions closed-out/ported

Appropriate references to other published material related to the defaults may also be helpful.

NGX has not sustained any Contracting Party default resulting in any loss or necessitating the use of NGX’s financial resources since inception.

- Amount of loss versus amount of Initial Margin: \$0
- Amount of other financial resources used to cover losses: \$0
- Proportion of client positions closed out/ported: 0%

Principle 14: Segregation and Portability

Principle 14.1 –Split, by clearing service, of total client positions held in:

- a) individually segregated accounts;
- b) omnibus client-only accounts, other than LSOC accounts (see below);
- c) legally segregated but operationally comingled (LSOC) accounts;
- d) comingled house and client accounts;

as a share of notional values cleared or of the settlement value of securities transactions.

All collateral positions held with NGX are in individually segregated accounts as follows:

- USD Cash Collateral Accounts: 92
- CAD Cash Collateral Accounts: 41
- USD Letters of Credit: 75
- CAD Letters of Credit: 76

Principle 15: General Business Risk

Principle 15.1 – (a) Value of liquid net assets funded by equity; and (b) Six months of current operating expenses

As at September 30, 2016:

- a) Value of liquid net assets funded by equity: CAD \$61.4MM
- b) Six months of current operating expenses: CAD \$10.0MM

Principle 15.2 – Annual financial disclosures: including, but not limited to,

- total revenue,
- total expenditure,
- profits,
- total assets,

- total liabilities.

Explain if collateral posted by clearing participants is held on or off the CCP's balance sheet.

NGX consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2015:

- Total Revenue: CAD \$42.6MM
- Total Expenditure: CAD \$36.1MM
- Profits: CAD \$6.5MM
- Total Assets: CAD \$605.7MM
- Total Liabilities: CAD \$533.7MM
- Total Equity: CAD \$71.9MM

Collateral held by NGX is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements and not captured on the balance sheet.

Principle 15.3 – Income Breakdowns:

- percentage of total income that comes from fees related to provision of clearing services;
- percentage of total income that comes from the reinvestment (or rehypothecation) of assets provided by clearing participants.

As at December 31, 2015:

- Percentage of total income derived from fees related to provision of clearing services: 80%
- Percentage of total income that comes from reinvestment of assets provided by clearing participants: 1%, derived from NGX's portion of interest earned on cash collateral deposits only

Principle 16: Custody and Investment Risks

Principle 16.1 – Total cash (but not securities) received from participants, regardless of the form in which it is held, deposited or invested, split by whether it was received as initial margin or default fund contribution.

As of end of Q3 2016, NGX held CAD \$430.6MM equivalent in cash collateral from Contracting Parties for total margin requirements including initial margin, accounts receivable, and variation margin. Contracting Parties do not contribute to NGX's self-funded default fund.

Principle 16.2 – How the total cash received from participants (ie the combined total of initial margin and default fund contributions in 16.1) is held/deposited/invested, including:

- percentage of this total participant cash held as cash deposits (including through reverse repo); further split into:
 - percentage held:
 - as cash deposits at central banks of issue of the currency deposited;
 - as cash deposits at other central banks;
 - as cash deposits at commercial banks; of which:
 - percentage secured (including through reverse repo);
 - percentage unsecured;

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ in money market funds; ▪ in other forms (please specify). ○ percentage split by currency of these cash deposits (including reverse repo) and money market funds - local currency, USD, EUR, other Also: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ weighted average maturity of these cash deposits (including reverse repo) and money market funds • percentage of this total participant cash invested in securities; further split into: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ percentage invested in <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ sovereign government bonds; of which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • domestic; • other; ▪ agency bonds; ▪ state/municipal bonds; ▪ other instruments (please describe); ○ percentage split by currency of these securities - local currency, USD, EUR, other. Also: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ weighted average maturity of these securities <p>Provide an estimate of the risk on the investment portfolio (excluding central bank and commercial bank deposits) (99% one-day VaR, or equivalent).</p> <p>State if the CCP investment policy sets a limit on the proportion of the investment portfolio that may be allocated to a single counterparty, and the size of that limit.</p> <p>State the number of times over the previous quarter in which this limit has been exceeded.</p>
<p>All Contracting Party cash collateral disclosed in Principle 16.1 above is held in secured cash deposits held at a Canadian Schedule 1 commercial bank. Cash collateral is held in the same denomination it is received.</p> <p>As at September 30, 2016 the percentage of cash collateral split by currency was 83.4% USD and 16.6% CAD.</p> <p>NGX does not re-invest Contracting Party collateral.</p>
<p>Principle 16.3 – Rehypothecation of participant assets (ie non-cash) by the CCP where allowed, split by initial margin and default fund:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • total value of participant non-cash rehypothecated; • maturities (overnight/one day; over one day and up to one week; over one week and up to one month; over one month and up to one year; over one year and up to two years; over two years).
<p>Not applicable. NGX does not re-invest Contracting Party collateral.</p>

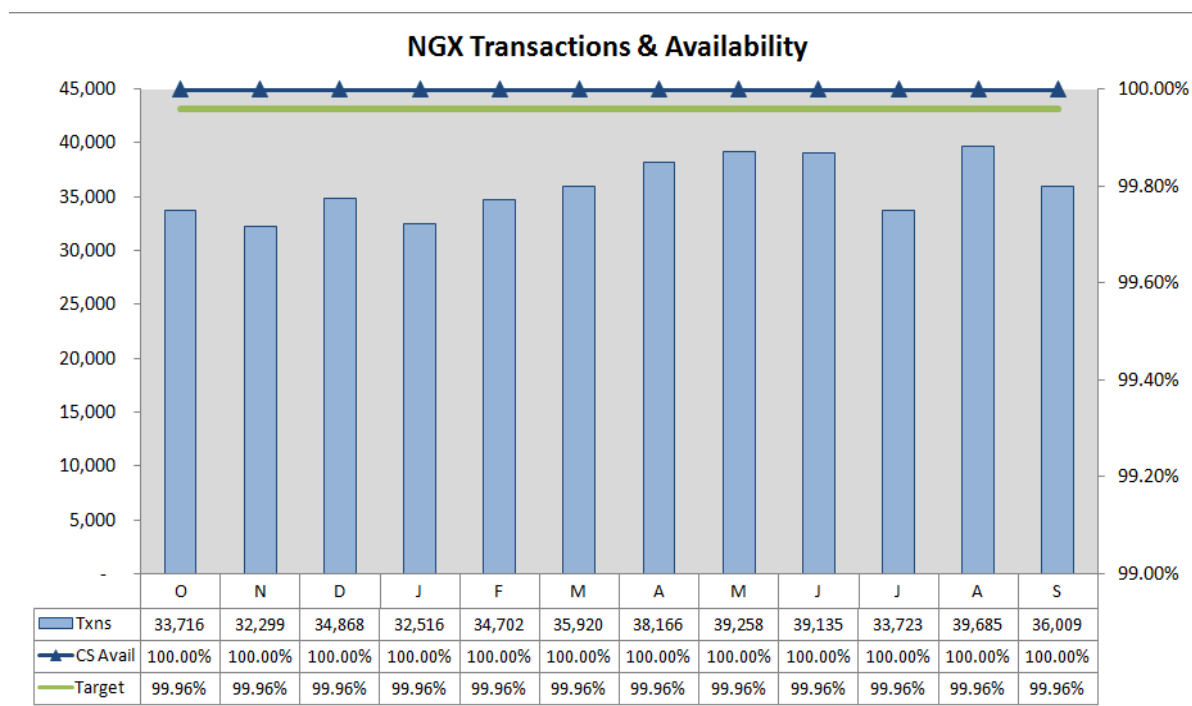
Principle 17: Operational Risk

Principle 17.1 – Operational availability target for the core system(s) involved in clearing (whether or not outsourced) over specified period for the system.

NGX has an operational system uptime objective of 99.995% on an annual basis. For further details please refer to Principle 17, Key Considerations 3 of NGX’s [Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures Qualitative Disclosure](#).

Principle 17.2 – Actual availability of the core system(s) over the previous twelve month period.

Actual availability of the core system as of June 30, 2016 (rolling 12 month period): 100% (monthly availability illustrated below)



Principle 17.3 – Total number and duration of failures affecting the core systems involved in clearing over the previous twelve month period.

NGX did not experience any system failures over the previous 12 months as of September 30, 2016.

Principle 17.4 – Recovery Time Objectives

NGX’s Recovery Time Objective is within 2 hours.

Principle 18: Access and Participation Requirements

Principle 18.1 – Number of clearing members, by clearing service, split by:

- category of membership;
- type of participant; and

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • domestic or foreign participants.
<p>As at September 30, 2016, NGX had 277 Contracting Parties as defined under the CPA, all of which were direct participants.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Category of membership: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Direct Participant: 277 ○ Special Participant: 0 • Type of Participant: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Financial Institution: 27 ○ Other: 250 • Domestic or Foreign participation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Domestic Participants: 126 ○ Foreign Participants: 151
<p>Principle 18.2 – For each clearing service with 25 or more members, the percentage of open positions held by the largest five and ten clearing members, including both house and client, in aggregate.</p>
<p>All NGX Contracting Parties are direct participants therefore, all accounts are house accounts. During Q3 2016:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average Top 5 Contracting Parties: 30.0% • Average Top 10 Contracting Parties: 46.7% • Peak Top 5 Contracting Parties: 31.1% • Peak Top 10 Contracting Parties: 47.8%
<p>Principle 18.3 – For each clearing service with 25 or more members percentage of initial margin held by the largest five and ten clearing members, including both house and client, in aggregate.</p>
<p>All NGX Contracting Parties are direct participants therefore, all accounts are house accounts. During Q3 2016:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average Top 5 Contracting Parties: 24.8% • Average Top 10 Contracting Parties: 40.7% • Peak Top 5 Contracting Parties: 26.5% • Peak Top 10 Contracting Parties: 43.0%
<p>Principle 18.4 – For each segregated default fund with 25 or more members percentage of participant contributions to the default fund contributed by the largest five and ten members in aggregate.</p>
<p>NGX is a CCP with a self funded default fund and does not require default fund contributions from its members.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Top 5 Contracting Parties: 0 • Top 10 Contracting Parties: 0

Principle 19: Tiered Participation Arrangements

Principle 19.1: Measures of concentration of clearing clients:

- Number of clients
- Number of direct members that clear for clients

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Per cent of client transactions by clearing service (by total gross notional for derivatives or total cleared value of securities transactions or similar) attributable to the top five clearing members and top ten clearing members.
<p>Not applicable. All NGX Contracting Parties are direct participants, and as such NGX has not identified any measures of concentration with clearing clients.</p>

Principle 20: FMI Links	
Principle 20.1 through Principle 20.7	
<p>Not applicable. NGX does not have links to another FMI.</p>	

Principle 23: Disclosure of Rules, Key Procedures, and Market Data																																		
Principle 23.1 – Average daily volumes and notional value of new trades cleared, by instrument/ asset class, by currency and split by OTC or exchange traded.																																		
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">As at June 30, 2016</th> <th>CAD Gas</th> <th>US Gas</th> <th>CAD Power</th> <th>US Power</th> <th>Crude</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Exchange Traded</td> <td>Average Daily Volume (TJ)</td> <td>29,840</td> <td>4,121</td> <td>286</td> <td>78</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Average Daily Notional Value (CAD \$MM)</td> <td>\$61.6</td> <td>\$4.1</td> <td>\$0.6</td> <td>\$0.1</td> <td>\$0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2">OTC</td> <td>Average Daily Volume (TJ)</td> <td>10,321</td> <td>355</td> <td>591</td> <td>1,429</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Average Daily Notional Value (CAD \$MM)</td> <td>\$19.6</td> <td>\$0.8</td> <td>\$1.2</td> <td>\$0.2</td> <td>\$0.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		As at June 30, 2016		CAD Gas	US Gas	CAD Power	US Power	Crude	Exchange Traded	Average Daily Volume (TJ)	29,840	4,121	286	78	0	Average Daily Notional Value (CAD \$MM)	\$61.6	\$4.1	\$0.6	\$0.1	\$0.0	OTC	Average Daily Volume (TJ)	10,321	355	591	1,429	0	Average Daily Notional Value (CAD \$MM)	\$19.6	\$0.8	\$1.2	\$0.2	\$0.0
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Principle 23.2 – Gross notional outstanding/total settlement value of novated but not-yet settled securities transactions per instrument/asset class and currency and split by OTC or exchange-traded.																																		
<p>Not applicable. NGX products are limited to physically and financially settled energy commodities transactions.</p>																																		
Principle 23.3 – Average daily volumes and notional contract values submitted by each execution facility or matching/confirmation venue.																																		
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